DEFINITION: a function whose standard form is written $x^{2}+b x+c$ where $a, b$, and $c$ are real numbers and $a \neq 0$. The graph is a parabola.


WORD: Maximum Value of a Function
PAGES:

DEFINITION: the $\boldsymbol{y}$-value of the highest point on the graph of a function.

| $\operatorname{EXAMPLE}(S):$ | COUNTEREXAMPLE(S): |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |

WORD:
Polynomial
PAGES:

DEFINITION: an expression having two or more algebraic terms.

EXAMPLE(S):
COUNTEREXAMPLE(S):

WORD: Standard Form of a Polynomial
PAGES:

DEFINITION: a polynomial when the terms are in order from greatest degree to least degree.

COUNTEREXAMPLE(S):
word: Minimum Value of a Function
PAGES:

DEFINITION: the $y$-value of the lowest point on the graph of a function.

EXAMPLE(S):

WORD: Standard Form of a Quadratic
PAGES:

## Equation

DEFINITION: $A x^{2}+B X+C=0$, where $A, B$, and $C$ are real numbers and $a \neq 0$.

EXAMPLE(S):
COUNTEREXAMPLE(S):

WORD: Standard Form of a Linear Equation
PAGES:

DEFINITION: $A x+B y=C$ where $A, B$, and $C$ are real numbers and $A$ and $B$ are not both 0 .

COUNTEREXAMPLE(S):

| word: Solution Set |  | PAGES: | WORD: | ction | PAGES: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DEFINITION: the set of values that make a statement true. |  |  | DEFINITION: for the function $f$, any number $x$ such that $f(x)=0$. |  |  |
| EXAMPLE(S): | COUNTEREXAMPLE(S): |  | EXAMPLE(S): | COUNTEREXAMPLE(S): |  |
| word: Vertex Form of a Quadratic |  | PAGES: | word: Discriminant |  | PAGES: |
| DEFINITION: a quadratic function in the form $f(x)=a(x-h)^{2}+k$. |  |  | DEFINITION: the discriminant of a quadratic equation $a x^{2}+b x+c=0$ is $b^{2}-4 a c$; it tells how many real solutions the quadratic function will have. |  |  |
| EXAMPLE(S): | COUNTEREXAMPLE(S): |  | EXAMPLE(S): | COUNTEREXAMPLE(S): |  |
| WORD: |  | PAGES: | word: Completing the Square |  | PAGES: |
| DEFINITION: the process of writing a number of algebraic expression as a product of factors. |  |  | DEFINITION: a process used to form a perfect-square trinomial. to complete the square of $x^{2}+b x \operatorname{add}\left(\frac{b}{2}\right)^{2}$ |  |  |
| EXAMPLE(S): | COUNTEREXAMPLE(S): |  | EXAMPLE(S): | COUNTEREXAMPLE(S): |  |

